Paper / Subject Code: 49371 / Engineering Mathematics-III

S.E. Computer Science & Engineering (Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning) / IT (R-2019) SEMESTER - III - Engineering Mathematics-III QP CODE: 10027291 DATE: 24/05/2023

(Time: 3 hours) Max. Marks: 80

- N.B. (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 - (2) Answer any three questions from Q.2 to Q.6.
 - (3) Use of Statistical Tables permitted.
 - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks

Q1.

(a) Find the Laplace transform of
$$t \sqrt{1 + \sin t}$$

(b) Find the constants a, b, c, d, e if [5]

$$f(z) = (ax^3 + bxy^2 + 3x^2 + cy^2 + x) + i(dx^2y - 2y^3 + exy + y)$$
 is analytic.

(c) Calculate the Spearman's rank correlation coefficient R [5]

(d) Find inverse Laplace transform of
$$tan^{-1}\left(\frac{s+a}{b}\right)$$
. [5]

Q2.

(a) Find the Laplace transform of
$$e^{-4t} \int_0^t u \sin 3u \ du$$
 [6]

(b) find the value of k if the function $f(x) = k x^2 (1 - x^3)$, $0 \le x \le 1$.

$$F(x) = 0$$
 otherwise

Is a probability density function. find mean and variance. [6]

(c) Obtain the Fourier series to represent f (x) = x^2 in (0, 2π)

Hence show that
$$\frac{\pi^2}{12} = \frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2}$$
 [8]

Q3.

(a) Find the analytic function
$$f(z) = u + iv$$
 such that [6]

$$u + v = \frac{2\sin 2x}{e^{2y} + e^{-2y - 2\cos 2x}}$$

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(b) Using convolution theorem Find inverse La	place transform of	0 3		f 6 1
\mathcal{Q}	0,	$(s^2+9)(s^2+1)$	² +4)	

(c) Fit a second-degree parabolic curve to the following data

Q4.

(a) Obtain the Fourier series to represent
$$f(x) = 9 - x^2$$
 in $(-3, 3)$. [6]

(b) . Find the coefficients of regression and hence obtain the equation of the lines of Regression for the following data

(c) Prove that
$$\int_0^\infty e^{-t} \frac{\sin 2t + \sin 3t}{t} dt = \frac{3\pi}{4}.$$
 [8]

Q5.

- (a) Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of curves $3x^2y + 2x^2 y^3 2y^2 = c$. [6]
- (b) If X denotes the outcome when a fair die is tossed, find Moment generating function

 Of X and hence find the mean and variance of X.

 [6]
- (c) Obtain the half range cosine series of $f(x) = x(\pi x)$ in $(0, \pi)$

Hence show that
$$\frac{\pi^4}{96} = \frac{1}{1^4} + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \frac{1}{4^4} \dots$$
 [8]

Q6.(a) Find inverse Laplace transform of
$$\frac{s+29}{(s+4)(s^2+9)}$$
. [6]

(b) The probability density function of a random variable X is

$$P(X=x): k = 3k = 5k = 7k = 9k = 11k = 13k$$

Find k,
$$p(X<4)$$
, $P(3< X \le 6)$. [6]

(c) Verify Laplace equation for
$$u = \left(r + \frac{a^2}{r}\right) \cos \theta$$
 also find v and f (z). [8]
